1	REPORTER'S RECORD VOLUME 1 OF 1 VOLUMES TRIAL COURT CAUSE NO. C2018-1576B
3	DOUGLAS KIRK) IN THE DISTRICT COURT)
4	vs.) COMAL COUNTY, TEXAS
5	COMAL APPRAISAL DISTRICT) 207TH JUDICIAL DISTRICT
6	
7	
8	
9	MOTION TO COMPEL
10	
11	
L 2	On the 18th day of April, 2019, the following
L3	proceedings came on to be held in the above-titled and
L4	numbered cause before the Honorable Dibrell W. Waldrip,
L 5	Judge Presiding, held in New Braunfels, Comal County,
L6	Texas.
L 7	Proceedings reported by computerized stenotype
L8	machine.
L9	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	
- -	

```
1
                              APPEARANCES
 2
     Mr. Douglas Kirk
     1850 Old Sattler Road
     Canyon Lake, Texas 78132
Telephone: 830-237-7313
 3
     Email: Dougkirk@gvtc.com
 4
     Appearing Pro Se
 5
 6
     Mr. Ryan L. James
     SBOT NO. 24078731
     LOW SWINNEY EVANS & JAMES, PLLC
 7
     623 S. Baker Circle
     Leander, Texas 78641
 8
     Telephone: 512-379-5800
 9
     Fax: 512-367-5932
     Email: Rjames@lsejlaw.com
     Counsel for the Defendant
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
```

1	VOLUME 1			
2	Motion to Co	ompel		
3	April 18, 2019		PAGE VOL.	
4	Court calls case	• • • • • • •	4 1	
5	Defendant's motion to compel	• • • • • • •	4 1	
6	CRAIG ZGABAY	Direct	Cross V.Dire	
7	By Mr. James By Mr. Kirk	11 v1	20 v1	
8	By Mr. James	31 v1	20 VI	
9	RONALD AVERY	Direct	Cross V.Dire	
10	By Mr. Kirk By Mr. James	33 v1	39 v1	
11	By Mr. Kirk	45 v1	39 VI	
12	Court's Ruling	• • • • • • • • •	52 1	
13	Adjournment	• • • • • • • • • •	56 1	
14	Reporter's Certificate		57 1	
15				
16	ALPHABETICAL INDEX O	F WITNESS	ES	
17		Direct	Cross V.Dire	
18	Avery, Ronald	33 v1 45 v1	39 v1	
19	Zgabay, Craig	11 V1	20 v1	
20	Zgabay, Craig	31 v1	20 VI	
21	EXHIBITS OFFERED B	Y DEFENDAN	IT	
22	EXHIBIT DESCRIPTION	OFFERE	D ADMITTED	
23	E Appraisal documents	s 20 v1	20 v1	
24				
25				

1	PROCEEDINGS
2	THE COURT: Mr. Kirk is there anybody
3	that I can do something without a record, or do y'all
4	need a record? Y'all have got actually trial on the
5	merits scheduled, is that what that says on my docket?
6	MR. JAMES: No, Your Honor. It shouldn't
7	be a trial on the merits. It's just a motion to compel.
8	THE COURT: Do you want it on the record?
9	MR. JAMES: Yes, Your Honor.
10	THE COURT: Okay. And y'all still think
11	it will take 30-45 minutes?
12	MR. JAMES: I hope that it doesn't take
13	that long, but it could.
14	THE COURT: Why don't y'all come on up and
15	let's see what we're talking about just real quick.
16	This is 18-1576.
17	MR. KIRK: Your Honor, you have earned
18	your pay.
19	THE COURT: I'll keep working at it.
20	MR. JAMES: Your Honor, we we sent a
21	request for inspection to inspect the property. This
22	case concerns the market value of property
23	residential and commercial property owned by Mr. Kirk.
24	We need our appraiser on the property to
25	do an inspection, to do a a USPAP, a Uniform

```
Standards Professional Appraisal Practice compliant
1
    report and that would be legally and factually
 2
    sufficient under the rules of evidence.
 3
                   THE COURT: I usually call him Doug, but
 4
    Mr. Kirk --
 5
 6
                   MR. KIRK:
                              Yes, sir.
 7
                   THE COURT: -- I mean, is there some
8
    opposition to a particular appraiser --
 9
                   MR. KIRK:
                              Sir --
10
                   THE COURT: -- or is that the issue?
11
                   MR. KIRK:
                              Well, there's a --
12
                   THE COURT: Is it a timing issue?
13
                   MR. KIRK:
                              It's -- it's a lot of things.
14
    Am I ready to speak?
15
                   THE COURT:
                              Well, I mean, I'm just trying
16
    to get the gist of it, not the entirety of it.
                   MR. KIRK: Well, the gist of it is the
17
18
    notice was defective. And if you start looking at other
19
    things, look at some of the other rules from -- from
20
    Texas Civil Rules of Procedure, there's other ways to
21
    solve this problem.
22
                   And I have a witness here today that will
23
    help the understanding of that, that we can simplify
24
    things without them having to send six people onto my
25
    property and not even tell me who the inspector is.
```

```
1
                   And I can go through the defects -- the
    defects of the notice, which ought to kill it right
 2
            But if -- but if it doesn't kill it, we've got
 3
 4
    all kinds of other arguments.
                   THE COURT: So which one of the 199s or
 5
    197s do we --
 6
 7
                   MR. JAMES: 196.7.
8
                   MR. KIRK: Okay. We're looking at 196.7,
 9
    request a motion for entry upon property, and -- and
10
    they made a request. The rules say that they must state
11
    the time, the place, the manner, the conditions and the
12
    scope of the inspection. And the rules say that they
    should say who the inspector is.
13
14
                   And in their notice, the only thing they
15
    gave me is a time and a place. They didn't even tell me
16
    who the inspector was going to be. They said they have
17
    got -- they've got --
18
                   MR. JAMES: Your Honor --
19
                   MR. KIRK:
                              Excuse me, can I finish?
20
                   THE COURT: Let him just --
21
                              I'm doing that for her benefit.
                   MR. KIRK:
22
                   They said they have parties who may
23
    attend, so it's like a tourist event. I need to know
24
    who the inspector is. The notice of inspection is
25
    wholly defective.
```

1 THE COURT: Okay. Yes, sir? 2 MR. JAMES: Your Honor, the appraiser is Craig Zgabay. He's listed in the request for 3 4 inspection. And the other person, we have one representative from the appraisal district listed and 5 6 then we wanted to send one attorney. 7 We listed the undersigned counsel, which 8 included four people on the signature block. We only 9 need one attorney to go. So we're anticipating three 10 people to -- to attend the inspection. 11 THE COURT: If it were just three people, 12 if we named them, Mr. Kirk, and give you the -- the date -- or a date, will that resolve this in the future? 13 In other words, even 30 days from today as far as 14 15 being -- I mean, written notice -- I mean, open court 16 notice, wouldn't that be a sufficient alternative? 17 MR. KIRK: They're still going to have to 18 follow the rule that says they've got to tell me the 19 manner, the conditions and the scope. None of that is in the original notice and the rules say that it should 20 21 be. 22 THE COURT: Well, I mean, it's going to be 23 in person as far as manner. I'm understanding they're 24 going to have three people present. 25 MR. JAMES: Our request says photographing

```
1
    and videoing. We don't need a video. We can strike
 2
    that.
           I know that there was an objection to that, but
    we do want to photograph it for the report. There's no
 3
 4
    other scope or conditions limiting it.
 5
                   We anticipate that it will take one to two
    hours at the outside. Most of it is because there's
 6
 7
    a -- there's an amount of acreage that we'll have to
8
    walk the perimeter -- or the appraiser will have to walk
 9
    the perimeter and so that will take a good portion of
10
    the time.
11
                   There's also -- we don't know the number
12
    of improvements exactly, somewhere around eight
    different improvements. So it will take a little bit of
13
14
    time, but we don't anticipate it taking more than two
15
    hours.
                   THE COURT: If we limit it to two hours
16
17
    and --
18
                   MR. KIRK: Sir, there's another
19
    alternative.
20
                   THE COURT:
                               Okay.
21
                   MR. KIRK:
                              I have a witness here in the
22
    courtroom.
                 I'd like it put him on the stand and
23
    illustrate to you that we have already done this work.
24
    He's a --
25
                   THE COURT: But they're entitled to do it.
```

```
But if you look at Rule 192.4,
1
                   MR. KIRK:
 2
    it starts to talk about cumulative or duplicative
    discovery obtainable from some other source that is more
 3
 4
    convenient, less burdensome or less expensive.
 5
                   We've already done the work that their
 6
    appraiser can use. In fact, they have a copy of the
 7
           Their appraiser can examine that. All of the
8
    buildings have been measured. All of the buildings have
    been photographed, inside and out. There's diagrams
 9
10
    that show where they're located on the property.
11
                   THE COURT:
                               Okay. Let me just -- I
12
    understand you have a witness here, and I appreciate
13
    that, but I'm just trying to expedite this. By whom
14
    with what capacity did that work that you're suggesting?
15
                   MR. KIRK: This is a certified state
    architect -- a state certified architect. And what
16
17
    architects do for a living is they measure things.
18
                   THE COURT: I understand.
19
                   MR. KIRK:
                              They're good at this.
20
                   THE COURT: But are they also the -- an
21
    appraiser with the qualifications that would allow those
22
    determinations to be admissible as an appraisal?
23
                   MR. KIRK:
                              No, sir.
                                        He's not an
    appraiser, but he has done an analysis.
24
25
                   THE COURT: That's what I'm saying is they
```

```
1
    don't have to accept those numbers.
 2
                              No, they don't. While it's --
                   MR. KIRK:
    the number is like measuring the size of a building.
 3
                   THE COURT:
                               In regard to then taking those
 4
 5
    numbers and comparing them for an appraisal.
 6
                   MR. KIRK:
                              What will their appraiser do
 7
    different than measuring the buildings? I've got the
8
    measurements. I've got the pictures. I've got the
 9
    entire analysis here. What are they going to do
10
    different that they have to be on-site to do it?
                                                       Whv
11
    can't they use the document that we produced and do
12
    their analysis based on that?
                   And the rules allow that. The rules allow
13
14
    that they -- they -- you know, we can do that in an
15
    easier, less expensive way. And the rules allow the
16
    judge to make that statement.
17
                   THE COURT: Well, if they want to agree to
18
    that, that's fine; otherwise, we'll have to have a
19
    hearing after lunch. That's all I know to tell you to
20
    do.
21
                   MR. JAMES: We can't agree to take it.
22
                   THE COURT:
                               Okay. Then we'll just need to
23
    take this matter up. I've got, you know, other matters.
24
    I was just seeing if there might be some impasse that we
25
    could resolve. But otherwise, we'll just -- we'll have
```

```
1
    a hearing.
 2
                   MR. KIRK: All right. Thank you, sir.
                   MR. JAMES: Thank you, Your Honor.
 3
                   THE COURT: I don't want to deprive
 4
 5
    anybody of a hearing.
 6
                   (Recess taken)
 7
                   THE COURT: All right. Back on the Kirk
    and Comal Appraisal District matter. If y'all -- so
8
 9
    it's your motion to compel. This is 18-1576.
10
                   Do you think there's anything else more we
11
    need to put on the record at this stage?
12
                   MR. JAMES: Yes, Your Honor. We have our
    appraiser we'd like to put on the stand.
13
14
                   THE COURT:
                               Call him on up.
15
                   If you want to, you can come over here to
16
    the witness stand. It will be easy enough.
                                                  Everybody
17
    can see you there and the court reporter can hear you.
18
    Let me get you to raise your right hand.
19
                   (Witness sworn)
20
                   THE COURT: You may proceed.
21
                          CRAIG ZGABAY,
22
    having been first duly sworn, testified as follows:
23
                        DIRECT EXAMINATION
    BY MR. JAMES:
24
25
              All right. Will you please state your name.
        Q.
```

A. Craig Zgabay.

1

2

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

18

19

20

21

22

- Q. How are you currently employed?
- A. I work for myself. I have a company, Candela Property Advisors.
 - Q. And what does your company do?
 - A. Primarily real estate appraisal.
 - Q. Would you please generally describe your experience as an appraiser.
 - A. I've been appraising since 1990. I've had my MAI designation from the Appraisal Institute since 1997, I believe. I'm currently a state certified general appraiser with the State of Texas.
- Q. All right. You mentioned that you have an MAI and that you have a license with the State. Do you have any other licenses?
- A. I'm a state salesman with the State of Texas as well.
 - Q. Okay. Do you have any other -- can you generally state your educational background as it relates to appraisal.
 - A. Got my -- my master's in land economics and real estate in 1990 from Texas A&M, bachelor's in -- in economics -- ag economics from A&M in '88.
- Q. Are you required to take continuing education as part of your licenses?

- 1 Α. I am. What does that typically entail? 2 Q. Okay. It's a hundred hours of continuing ed every 3 Α. 4 five years. 0. 5 Okay. 6 Α. And I'm current on everything. 7 How -- how have you been engaged in this case? 0. Well, I've been asked to come up here and talk 8 Α. 9 about whether an inspection is -- is needed for an 10 appraisal. Would you like me to tell that part? 11 We'll get there in just a minute. What -- what 12 is the general definition of market value? Well, in the appraisal world, market value 13 Α. is -- is that price that a willing buyer and a willing 14 15 seller come to under conditions requisite to a fair sale with each party acting prudently and informed and -- and 16 17 in cash or terms thereto. That's the basic generally 18 accepted definition. 19 Would a buyer in that scenario normally inspect 0. 20 a property prior to purchasing it? 21 Α. The buyer typically would, yeah. 22 0. Yeah. What -- what is entailed in an
 - A. Typically we'll go out and measure the property. I will always walk the boundaries of the

23

24

25

inspection?

property looking for any encroachments or what may appear to be unusual easements, anything that just looks out of the ordinary.

And then with respect to the improvements, it's important to note, you know, how they're built, the condition, the -- the quality. And the condition and the quality are typically really important pieces of it because later when you compare the subject property to other properties that may have sold, you're -- you're making judgments against how this property compares to that other property with respect to its age and its condition and its quality and features and so forth.

- Q. How did you learn what was entailed or necessary for an inspection?
- A. Well, I mean, I guess through the education -there's a good bit of education required to get the
 designation from the Appraisal Institute, as well as
 nearly 30 years of experience.
- Q. If somebody did not have that experience, do you think that there would be things that they could possibly miss in doing an analysis of the property?
 - A. Possibly.

Q. When you inspect a property, what typical things are you looking for? I know you mentioned quality and condition. Is there anything else?

A. It sort of depends a little bit on whether it's commercial or residential. So on commercial properties, you know, how they're constructed, whether it's wood frame or steel frame or concrete, is important because there are different cost categories associated with those kinds of structures.

On residential you tend to focus a little bit more on just what is in demand in the market. So, you know, a house that has granite countertops and is finished out very nicely is very different from one that may have laminate countertops and hasn't been updated since 1970 or whatever.

- Q. Okay. And with regard to the subject property, the one that's at issue in this litigation, what types of things would you be looking for?
- A. Well, there -- I guess I'm not really sure even what we're looking at. I mean, the only data that -- that I've been able to see is what Comal Appraisal District has on their Web site, and I've reviewed that. I did have a chance to do a cursory review of the report that -- that you had from the architect, I believe.
- Q. Okay. We'll come back to that. Let's go on to generally accepted appraisal methods. When I say generally accepted appraisal methods, what does that term mean to you?

A. Well, it's -- it's those practices that are prescribed by the Uniform Standards of Professional Appraisal Practice or USPAP as it's called. In that document it lays out in standards one and two how you perform an appraisal and how you report it.

Standard one basically lays out the process that you go through. And these are -- you know, these are minimum standards. Most appraisers, particularly those that are designated by the appraiser -- Appraisal Institute, tend to go a little bit above and beyond that.

- Q. Okay. Does USPAP always require an inspection?
- A. The answer to that is yes and no. The -- the first part of it is it -- it will say in USPAP that an inspection is not required. However, in the preamble USPAP, you have the scope of work rule and -- and it basically says that the appraiser has to do whatever is necessary to produce credible results.

So from my perspective, I always like to look inside those -- the structure, walk the perimeter, because that's how I understand basically what the problem is, you know.

- Q. Now, for this property specifically, would USPAP require you to -- to conduct an inspection?
 - A. In my opinion on this one, yes, because this is

not a standard kind of, you know, typical three-bedroom, two-bath, you know, house in a subdivision. This is ten acres with some improvements, as I understand it, that may be used commercially, some that are residential. So I don't think that I would feel comfortable appraising this property without inspecting it.

- Q. All right. Would your report be more or less reliable if you did not conduct an inspection?
- A. It definitely would be less reliable if I didn't conduct the inspection.
- Q. Would your peers that have the -- the same educational background that are complying with USPAP conduct an inspection of this property?
 - A. They would.

- Q. Okay. Could you reasonably obtain the information that you're looking for from another source?
- A. Possibly, if -- you know, if it was somebody that had the same experience that I did and would be looking for the same things that I do.

Another appraiser that I have had some relationship with and have seen his work product in the past, in that situation I could possibly do it.

- Q. Are you aware of any such person in this case that you could rely upon --
 - A. No.

```
1
        0.
             -- in that way? All right. Moving on to
2
    the -- to the architectural report, you mentioned that
 3
    you had reviewed the -- the report. Will you describe
4
    the detail to which you've reviewed it.
              Well, I mean, I looked at it when we were here
5
        Α.
6
    this morning. The copy that we have -- or you have has
7
    some black and white pictures. That is not very helpful
8
    actually.
9
              Okay. Are you familiar with the architect -- I
        Q.
10
    believe his name is Mr. Avery?
11
        Α.
              I'm not.
12
              Okay. So you don't have an opinion on his
        Q.
    credibility?
13
              I don't.
14
        Α.
15
              Okay. Have you been asked or engaged to
        Q.
    provide an opinion on the quality of Mr. Avery's report?
16
17
        Α.
              No.
18
              Okay. Is the report an appraisal?
        Q.
19
              His report?
        Α.
20
        Q.
             Yes.
21
        Α.
              No.
22
        Q.
              Okay. Would it be proper under USPAP to rely
```

A. I don't think so because what I saw from the report is that there were -- there were measurements and

on Mr. Avery's report in lieu of an inspection?

23

24

```
there were depictions of where certain improvements were on the site. But for example, what I didn't see is some professional assessment of the condition of the property or -- and I did note that there was some description of the type of materials used and the age, but that still wouldn't be sufficient to get a -- a well-rounded view of what it is you're appraising.

O. Assuming that all that information was in there
```

- Q. Assuming that all that information was in there and it was USPAP compliant and you did not know

 Mr. Avery, would you be able to rely on his report?
- A. If -- if all of that information was in there and it was by somebody that had had appraisal training and knew how to look at property and come to a judgment of condition and quality, then yes.
- MR. JAMES: Okay. At this time I'll pass the witness.
- THE COURT: Any questions, Mr. Kirk?
- MR. KIRK: Your Honor, I have a question.
- Can we put him on re-call so that I can introduce the -the documents so that we can talk from the document? Is
- 21 | that okay?

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

- THE COURT: Well, I mean, there may not be any objection.
- I don't know, is there an objection to using this exhibit with this witness at this time?

CRAIG ZGABAY - APRIL 18, 2019 Cross-Examination by Mr. Kirk

```
MR. JAMES: We can discuss it. I do have
1
 2
    an objection to introducing the exhibit into the record
    because it has an appraisal conclusion. He's not going
 3
 4
    to be qualified as an appraiser, so we do --
                   THE COURT: But for the purposes of
 5
    cross-examination?
 6
 7
                   MR. JAMES: No objection.
                               Not for the truth of the
8
                   THE COURT:
    matter asserted at the moment?
 9
10
                   MR. JAMES:
                               Yes, Your Honor. That's fine.
11
                   THE COURT:
                               Why don't you just mark it as
12
    whatever you want to mark it as. You can mark it as
13
    Respondent's Exhibit 1.
14
                   MR. KIRK:
                              Okav. This is -- yeah.
                                                        We
15
    call it a Exhibit E because we supplied it to them in
16
    discovery.
17
                   THE COURT: Well, that's fine. We'll just
18
    use the same number.
19
                        CROSS-EXAMINATION
    BY MR. KIRK:
20
21
              So I'm handing that to you.
        Q.
22
                   THE COURT: It's just at this juncture
23
    admitted solely for the purpose of cross-examination
    rather than the truth of the matter asserted.
24
25
              (BY MR. KIRK) Would you look at that document,
        Q.
```

- please, and tell me if that's different than the one you examined before.
 - A. Well, so these pictures are in color and a little bit larger and legible. Okay. I've thumbed through it.
 - Q. Does that appear to be the same document you looked at except it's larger and in color?
 - A. Appears to be.
 - MR. KIRK: Okay. I'm going to suggest that it is. We can debate that later, but it is a larger copy of the same thing that we provided to the defense.
- Q. (BY MR. KIRK) You said that as an appraiser, you are going to measure; is that correct?
- 15 A. Correct.

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

- 16 Q. What would you measure?
- 17 A. The outside walls of all of the improvements.
- Q. And in that document, does it appear that somebody has already measured the outside walls of the improvements?
- A. It appears so. I see some square-footage calculations.
- Q. And do you also see the diagrams and -- on that particular page in the upper left-hand corner, are there measurements in the diagram itself?

CRAIG ZGABAY - APRIL 18, 2019 Cross-Examination by Mr. Kirk

- 1 A. It appears so.
 - Q. And that's on page?
- 3 A. Ten.

2

13

14

- Q. Ten, just for the record. You indicated that you would walk the boundaries. What is the purpose of that?
- A. Like I said, just to see if there are any unusual easements that may be apparent, whether there are any encroachments, whether the property line appears to be what -- you know, what it may -- whether the property line corresponds to a survey, which is another document.
 - Q. Would you look in this document on page two, an aerial paragraph, do you see that?
- 15 A. I do.
- Q. And on page three, a diagram that shows the boundaries of the property, do you see that?
 - A. I do.
- Q. Would these be the boundaries that you would walk?
- 21 A. Yes.
- Q. Okay. And if you go back to the previous page to page two, does it appear to you that this property is bounded by highways?
- 25 A. Yes.

- Q. Does it appear that there's any other real estate encroaching or near that property?
 - A. It doesn't appear to be from this aerial photo.
 - Q. Okay. So you will agree, though, that those are roads that go all the way around it?
 - A. Right.
 - Q. And do they appear to be like highways, state highways, county highway? They are not labeled, but is that something you could get from the Internet, what -- what the names of those streets are?
- 11 A. Yes.

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

24

25

- Q. You said that you would look at the improvements; is that correct?
- 14 A. Sure.
- Q. You indicated that you would look at the condition; is that correct?
- 17 A. Right.
- Q. Describe to me what the condition would be that you're looking for. What's a typical example of what you're looking for?
- A. Say in a house, you know, you would look at the flooring and notice whether it appeared to be in good condition or whether it had some years of wear on it.

Also, really important in residences would be whether the bathrooms and the kitchen have been

- updated over the last five or ten years or so, condition

 of the walls and ceilings and condition of the roof.
- Q. Would you turn -- I'm sorry, would you turn to page four.
 - A. Okay.

6

7

8

9

10

- Q. I'm going to direct your attention to the diagram that's in red. And then would you look at the -- in the box below that where it's labeled home, does it say the word size? Look at the box below the red, bottom of the page.
- 11 A. Yeah.
 - Q. Does it say -- do you see the word size?
- 13 A. No -- oh, size, right at the top. Okay.
- Q. Okay. Does it appear that there's measurements
 15 20 feet by 30 feet?
- 16 A. It does.
- Q. Is there the word front porch with some measurements?
- 19 A. Yes.
- Q. Is there a word that says structure?
- 21 A. Yes.
- 22 | Q. Would you read that paragraph aloud, please.
- A. Constructed of eight by eight by 16 inch

 concrete masonry units, CMU, with fiberglass reinforced

 stucco on exterior and no interior finish on the CMU.

- The interior partitions are two by four studs with gypsum board. The roof is concrete tiles on plywood on wood roof trusses. Foundation is reinforced concrete slab on grade.
 - Q. And as an appraiser, would you garner any more information than that by looking at this building in terms of -- in terms of structure?
 - A. I don't see anything in there about the -- about the roof, about the roof cover.
 - Q. Let me direct your attention to where it says, roof is concrete tiles on plywood roof trusses.
 - A. Oh, concrete tiles, yes, sir.
 - Q. Tiles, yes, sir. So you do see something about the roof; is that correct?
 - A. Yes.

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

- Q. Let me direct your attention to the next paragraph, condition. Would you read that aloud, please.
- A. Home was built by the present owner, who is not a builder with experience in the building field. It is unfinished and plumbing is in bad shape, bare plywood floors upstairs. Tile is coming up in places downstairs through the slab cracks. Stairs have open risers and no finish. Wood trim is rotting. Clothes dryer is broken. Barrels are intended for future roof rainwater

collection system.

- Q. Okay. So as an appraiser when you look at a structure, what else would you say typically besides what's written in that paragraph? And there's pictures -- there's photographs here, too. I want to direct your attention to that.
- A. I don't see anything about the kitchen. And the kitchen is certainly maybe one of the more important points to look for when you're inspecting a house. And flooring, I don't see anything about flooring.
- Q. If you will, turn to the next page, page number five. And I'm not going to make you read all of this stuff, but do you see also the word structure, condition, utilities?
 - A. I do.
- Q. What else would you add if you were appraising that property other than those things? And if you want to read it, you may, but we don't need to read it aloud, unless you want to.
- A. It -- it's not apparent to me whether there is any central heat and air and whether there are window units.
- Q. Okay. So on page five, let me direct your attention to utilities. It says, no mechanical, electrical or plumbing available in the storage area.

A. So am I to understand all -- all of this is storage, okay.

- Q. Yes. This description box belongs to these photos and belongs to the diagram at the top of the page. It's all color-coded so you can see what's what.
- A. So the presence of heating and ventilation systems wouldn't be very relevant for storage areas, but it would be for the residence.
- Q. All right. Let me ask you another question. You mentioned in appraising improvements, you used the word "how is it built."

So what do you mean by that? What do you mean, how is it built? I don't know your exact words, but do you understand what I'm asking?

- A. Yeah. So whether it's a wood frame product or whether wood frame and on slab or whether it's pier and beam or whether in the case of commercial structures, they tend to be more steel frame.
- Q. Okay. Now, let me direct your attention back to page four. In looking at those photographs, can you tell the type or the how-built question, what type of construction it is?

And I also want to call your attention to the fact that the structure -- the analyst said that it was CMU. Do you know what a CMU is?

A. Concrete blocks.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

18

19

20

21

- Q. So can you look at the picture and compare the picture with that structure description and satisfy yourself that the photos reflect what's being said in the description?
 - A. Let's see.
 - Q. And this is on the how-built question.
- A. Right. Well, so I would say these -- these pictures here are the only ones of the outside of the structure. And I would say from those pictures, it's not apparent to me. If -- if I hadn't read that these were CMUs, it's pretty difficult to look at that and tell for sure.
- Q. Okay. Can you look at the photos and tell the age of this building?
- A. By looking at the photos? I would say that's pretty difficult to do just from these photos.
 - Q. Okay. So if you looked at it in person, could you tell how old it was?
 - A. It usually makes it easier, just because you can walk around and see the different perspectives.
 - Q. But could you give me a date?
- A. An exact date?
- Q. Well, a year, two years?
- 25 A. Usually when we get there and we, you know,

```
kind of take it all in, then we'll estimate like an effective age. So if something were built in 1960, for example, and then renovated five years ago, maybe that tends to lower its actual age to a lower effective age.
```

- Q. If you looked at this structure in person, could you tell what decade it was built in?
 - A. Probably could narrow it down, yeah.
 - Q. Could you tell what century it was built in?
 - A. I think so.

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

14

15

16

17

19

20

21

- Q. Okay. That will be an interesting thing to find out.
- Now, features -- you mentioned features.
- 13 What kind of features are you looking for?
 - A. Well, in some homes you have intercom systems or you have central vacuum systems or you have HVAC that has zoned features to it, those sorts of things.
 - Q. Okay. Anything else?
- A. Not off the top of my head.
 - Q. All right. Let me see. We may be ready.
 - You stated earlier that your goal is to do whatever is necessary to produce credible results.
 - A. Right.
- Q. Can you give me three things that you need to
 do to make sure your results are credible from your
 perspective?

```
A. So -- well, I mean, the first thing is to understand the appraisal problem, what it is that you're appraising. And so that kind of goes to what we're talking about here, inspecting it and having a good record then of -- of what it is that you're appraising, size, features, condition, so forth.
```

Secondly, then you have to finish going through the appraisal process, which is -- well, usually you will implement the sales comparison approach, which is finding sales of similar properties, and then making comparisons of the property that you're appraising with, you know, these other properties that have sold.

- Q. Okay. Thank you. So those items, the appraisal process, the sale of comparisons, making comparisons, where do you do that? Do you do that on-site?
- 17 A. No.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

18

20

21

- Q. Do you need to be on-site to do that?
- 19 A. Not the analytical part of it, no.
 - Q. Okay. Thank you. You also said that it's less reliable without inspection.
- 22 A. I would say so generally, yeah.
- Q. Are you familiar with the Texas Tax Code?
- 24 A. No.
 - Q. Okay. So I'm not going to ask you a question,

```
1
     but I'll get that out later.
 2
                   MR. KIRK: I pass the witness.
                   MR. JAMES: Just a couple of follow-up
 3
 4
    questions, Judge.
                       REDIRECT EXAMINATION
 5
     BY MR. JAMES:
 6
 7
              Do you know that the descriptions in this
         0.
     architectural report are accurate?
8
 9
         Α.
              I don't.
10
              Okay. Do you know if anything is missing on
         0.
11
     there that would affect the value of the property?
12
              Well, I mean, not without studying it a bit
    more. But like I said on the -- on page four where
13
     there's the description of the home, I mean, there's --
14
15
     I -- like on the utility section, it just says
16
     electrical, plumbing and HVAC, water from pump house via
17
     ground garden hose. Well, I mean, that tells me that
18
     there's the presence of electrical, plumbing and HVAC,
     but it doesn't tell me anything about whether it works,
19
20
     whether it's sized properly and it's sufficient for the
21
    home or not.
22
         0.
              Would your report be more credible if you were
23
     able to verify the information there and then, you know,
24
     discover additional information from an on-site
25
     inspection?
```

1	A. Yes.
2	MR. KIRK: All right. Pass the witness.
3	THE COURT: Anything else?
4	MR. KIRK: That's all. Thank you.
5	THE COURT: Thank you. You may step down.
6	Any other witnesses from the movant?
7	MR. JAMES: No, Your Honor.
8	THE COURT: All right. Mr. Kirk, have you
9	got anything?
10	MR. KIRK: Your Honor, if it would please
11	the Court, could I ask Ron Avery to become a witness for
12	us?
13	THE COURT: Sure.
14	You can come on up.
15	MR. KIRK: Was the previous witness sworn?
16	THE COURT: Yes.
17	MR. KIRK: So we need to swear him. I
18	didn't catch that part.
19	THE COURT: We will, yep.
20	Let me get you to raise your right hand.
21	(Witness sworn)
22	THE COURT: Thank you. You may have a
23	seat.
24	
25	

```
1
                           RONALD AVERY,
 2
     having been first duly sworn, testified as follows:
                        DIRECT EXAMINATION
 3
     BY MR. KIRK:
 4
 5
         0.
              Could you state your name and address for the
 6
     record, please.
 7
              Yes. Ronald Franklin Avery. I live at 1933
         Α.
8
    Montclair in Seguin, Texas.
 9
              Are you a licensed architect in the state of
         Q.
10
    Texas?
              Yes, I am.
11
         Α.
12
         Q.
              How many years have you been a licensed
    architect?
13
14
         Α.
              Oh, gee, can I just tell you when I got my
     license?
15
16
         Q.
              Yes, sir.
17
              That was in 1984. I'm not good at math on the
         Α.
18
     spot, so don't do that to me.
19
              How many -- how many years did you attend
         Q.
20
     college to study architecture?
21
              I spent -- it's a five-year program to get a
22
     bachelor's of architecture and then a minimum three
     years' internship. And I spent seven years' internship
23
24
     in the Houston area, multiple firms.
25
         Q.
              Do architects make accurate measurements of
```

```
built structures for their use in recording existing
1
 2
     buildings and modifying them?
              That's one of the things they're known for,
 3
 4
    yes.
 5
              Have you measured and documented properties
         0.
 6
     before for your use as an architect?
 7
         Α.
              Absolutely.
8
         Q.
              Okay. I'm going to hand you what has been
 9
     marked as --
                              I'm sorry, Exhibit --
10
                   MR. KIRK:
11
                   THE REPORTER:
                                   Ε.
12
                   MR. KIRK: So we all stuck with E,
    excellent.
13
14
                   And I'm sorry, Judge, you never got to see
15
    that.
              (BY MR. KIRK) Okay. Do you recognize this
16
         Q.
17
     document, Mr. Avery?
18
              Yes. It looks like a blowup. I did produce
         Α.
19
     eight-and-a-half by 11 in color that I gave you earlier.
20
    And this one I see is -- is a blown-up copy.
              What's the title of that document?
21
         0.
22
         Α.
              Architect's Analysis of the Property of
23
    Mr. Douglas Kirk.
24
              Did you produce this document and apply your
     architectural seal to it?
25
```

```
1
         Α.
              Yes, I did.
 2
              And where would we see the seal on that
    document?
 3
 4
         Α.
              It's on the -- on the front page here.
 5
              So this is already in evidence. Let's talk
 6
    about it. In February 2019, did you visit the property
 7
    the subject of your analysis?
         Α.
              I did.
8
 9
                   THE COURT: Okay. Let me just stop you.
10
    I mean, it -- it's his analysis. It's admitted into
    evidence on a limited fashion at the moment.
11
                   MR. KIRK:
12
                             Okay.
13
                   THE COURT: So I mean, if you want it --
14
                              You could just say, move along.
                   MR. KIRK:
15
                   THE WITNESS: Limited to the issue.
16
                   MR. KIRK:
                              Well, I'll move along -- or am
17
    I going too slow, Your Honor?
18
                                    I mean, if you want it in
                   THE COURT:
                               No.
19
    other than the cross-examination of the prior witness,
    we need to -- we probably need to proffer it as such.
20
21
                   MR. KIRK: Actually, I would like it
22
    admitted as a document that he can testify to, so shall
23
    we do that separately?
                   THE COURT: Well, that's why I'm
24
25
    interrupting.
```

```
1
                   MR. KIRK: Yes, sir.
 2
                   MR. JAMES: And then I have the same
    objection, that it has appraisal judgments in here.
 3
 4
    He's not been -- there's -- he's not been admitted as an
    expert for appraisal purposes and he wouldn't qualify
 5
 6
    for it. So I'm okay with him talking about it
 7
    generally, but I don't want it --
                   THE COURT: Yeah. As far as the
8
 9
    admissibility of the document, the document is
10
    admissible but yet subject to cross-examination
11
    regarding the credibility of the information therein.
12
    You can cross-examine him about it.
13
                   MR. JAMES:
                               Okay. All right.
14
                               I'm not taking anything within
                   THE COURT:
15
    the document, numbers otherwise, for face value.
16
                   MR. JAMES:
                               Okay.
                                      Fair -- fair enough.
17
                   MR. KIRK:
                              So in English that means I can
    proceed?
18
19
                   THE COURT: Now you may proceed. I'll
20
    admit it.
               This is this witness' product.
21
                   MR. KIRK:
                              Thank you.
22
        0.
              (BY MR. KIRK) Who owns the property that that
23
    analysis is of? I think we asked that.
24
        Α.
              I understand you, Douglas Kirk, does.
25
             Did you personally measure the structures that
        Q.
```

RONALD AVERY - APRIL 18, 2019 Direct Examination by Mr. Kirk

```
1
     are located on the property?
              Yes, I did.
 2
         Α.
              And how did you measure that property?
 3
         0.
              With a tape measure that you would build
 4
         Α.
 5
     buildings with. You've seen them before. And also, I
 6
     used a -- a laser measuring device in some situations.
 7
              Did you personally photograph the interior and
         0.
8
     exterior of any structures that you wanted to?
 9
              Yes, I did.
         Α.
10
              And do those pictures appear in the document?
         Q.
11
         Α.
              Yes, they do.
12
              Did you prepare the analysis based upon the
         Q.
     data that you gathered?
13
14
         Α.
              Yes.
15
              Did anyone tell you what to do or what not to
         Q.
16
     do regarding gathering data?
17
              No, they did not.
         Α.
18
              Were you restricted in any way in gathering the
         Q.
19
    data?
20
         Α.
              No, sir.
21
              Does your property analysis accurately
         Q.
     represent what you saw on the property?
22
23
              It does.
         Α.
24
         Q.
              Did you personally make the drawings in the
25
     property analysis?
```

RONALD AVERY - APRIL 18, 2019 Direct Examination by Mr. Kirk

1 A. I did.

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

16

17

19

20

21

22

23

24

- Q. Did you make those drawings based upon the data that you personally gathered in the field?
 - A. I did.
- Q. Did you name the structures and color-code them in the documents so that anyone could easily locate them and know the size, condition, type and quality of construction of each improvement?
 - A. I did.
- Q. Did you also add notes about available utility, plumbing, electrical, heating, ventilation and air conditioning systems observed in each of the structures?
 - A. I did.
 - Q. Did you also do a site plan of the property?
- 15 A. I did.
 - Q. Did you take into account contour lines and topographic information?
- 18 A. I did.
 - Q. Is your property analysis an accurate description of the size, character and quality of the property and its improvements sufficient in your estimation for any licensed appraiser to use in determining its value compared to other properties?
 - A. It is. I think it's a sufficient report for that, yes.

RONALD AVERY - APRIL 18, 2019 Cross-Examination by Mr. James

```
1
                   MR. KIRK: I pass the witness.
                        CROSS-EXAMINATION
 2
    BY MR. JAMES:
 3
 4
             All right. Mr. Avery, how do you know
    Mr. Kirk? How did you become familiar with him?
 5
 6
         Α.
              We've been friends over the years.
 7
              For how long?
         0.
              Oh, I don't know -- what, ten, 15? I don't --
8
         Α.
    I can't remember exactly when I first met him.
 9
10
              Do you have any appraisal experience?
         0.
11
                   I'm not an appraiser. I'm familiar with
12
    what they do. I've hired two of them myself. I mean,
13
    I -- I kind of know what they do. I've seen the reports
    they make and stuff, yes.
14
15
              So the last question that Mr. Kirk asked you
16
    asked you if this report was sufficient for any
17
    appraiser to use.
18
        Α.
             Yes.
19
              You know that just by -- by working
20
    occasionally, not based on any particular training or
    education?
21
22
         Α.
              Well, like I said, I have seen their work.
23
    I've hired two of them myself on two different pieces of
24
    property I own. I know the kind of things they do.
25
    not an appraiser. This isn't an appraisal, but it is a
```

report that is sufficient for appraisal work, yes.

- Q. Okay. But when you say it's sufficient for appraisal work, that judgment is not based on any education or any other training?
- A. Well, I have a license as an architect, a pretty good background for dealing with buildings --
 - O. Yes.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

- A. -- and dealing with site developments, the site work, what it takes to do that kind of stuff, yeah.
- Q. Other than the architectural experience, do you have any other -- any appraisal experience or education?
- A. Yeah -- well, I mean, it's -- I've had some very close relationships with it, yeah. I've had to read those. We read appraisals when we develop property. We get appraisals of property so we know how much it costs.
 - Q. So you've read appraisals before?
- A. I've read many appraisals.
- Q. Any other thing besides reading appraisals, any other training or education?
- A. I've never performed an appraisal -- appraisal
 for an appraisal. I mean, let's make that clear. I'm
 not an appraiser.
- Q. To that, you have value --
 - A. I'm not ignorant of the topic, though.

- Q. No. I understand. You have a lot of experience.
 - A. Yeah. Thank you.

3

- Q. Architects -- architects work closely with appraisers from time to time.
 - A. Yes, they do. Yes.
- Q. Okay. Okay. When did you first -- when were you first on the property? When was the first time that you visited the subject property?
- 10 A. I'm sorry, I still didn't hear that.
- Q. When was the first time that you visited the subject property?
- 13 A. First time ever?
- 14 Q. Yes, sir.
- A. I don't know. I can't remember it. Like I said, I can't remember exactly when I met him or when I first visited the property. I bought fireworks over at his fireworks stand that's on the property.
- 19 Q. When was that?
- 20 A. Oh, geez, a couple of years ago --
- 21 Q. Okay.
- 22 A. -- something like that.
- Q. But that was probably the first time that you were on his property?
- 25 A. No. I think he -- he does a newspaper and I

have seen -- I have met him at his house before to talk 1 about stuff in the newspaper. 2 3 0. Okay. 4 He lives on the property, so I -- I've been out Α. there to see him at his home. 5 Okay. Are you being paid for your opinion --6 Q. 7 or were you paid for this report? 8 Α. Yeah, he did. He paid me. 9 Q. What was your fee? 10 \$200. Α. 11 Okay. Do you own property nearby Mr. Kirk's Q. 12 property? 13 No, I don't. Α. 14 Okay. Have you ever filed a protest with the 0. 15 appraisal district? 16 Α. Yes. 17 What was the result of that protest? Q. Okay. 18 Α. Pretty good. I got one piece of property 19 reduced from \$60,000 to \$385. 20 Q. Oh, wow. That was a success. 21 The judge wanted to actually get me to help him Α. 22 on his appraisal work. 23 So you had a lawsuit as well that followed? Q.

You've sued the appraisal district before?

24

25

Α.

Q.

Yes, I did.

A. Yes. Yes.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

- Q. Okay. Do you have an opinion of the appraisal district and their work?
 - A. An opinion of the appraisal district?
- Q. Yeah. Did they do a good job? Did they do a bad job? What's your general opinion.
 - A. Well, it depends on the property, you know.
 - Q. Okay. Generally, what -- what was your opinion of the appraisal district then?
 - A. Well, sometimes they do a pretty accurate job of what they do and sometimes they don't. It just depends on the property.
- Q. Okay. Let's see if we have anything else.

This architecture report, are there any requirements or guidelines that govern how the report is to be written?

- A. Any guidelines? Well, yes. I mean, first of all, you've got to document what you have. You have to get the size of it.
- Q. What gives you the authority or guidelines that you have to follow? Is there any -- like for instance, when Mr. Zgabay was up here, he was talking about the Uniform Standards of Professional Appraisal Practices that govern appraisal reporting.
 - A. Right.

RONALD AVERY - APRIL 18, 2019 Cross-Examination by Mr. James

- Q. Is there something analogous for architecture reporting?
- A. Not really. Because like I say, they don't do appraisal work. We do know how to document what's on the site because we do site analysis. I mean, you could hire an architect -- and many times when you build buildings or design a project, you have them do what they call site analysis. That's one of the first things we look -- learn in school is site analysis.

So you go to the property and you -- and you -- first of all, you look up a lot of things about property, you know, the sun orientated, the wind -- available wind and all of that kind of stuff. You document where trees are, like the topography of the place; the temperatures year-round, all kinds of things.

Now, that kind of stuff is not in here.

It's not really that relevant, but it -- yeah, property analysis can be quite extensive.

- Q. Okay. Could you have completed this report without an on-site inspection?
- A. I couldn't have done this without -- yeah, myself, I couldn't have done it without going to it.
 - Q. All right.

MR. JAMES: We'll pass the witness.

RONALD AVERY - APRIL 18, 2019 Redirect Examination by Mr. Kirk

REDIRECT EXAMINATION 1 2 BY MR. KIRK: Okay. First, I've got a couple of questions. 3 0. 4 The fact that you've been to the property and you've photographed the property and you've had full access to 5 the property, that led you to write this document; is 6 7 that correct? Α. Correct. 8 9 Do I need to hire another architect to do the Q. 10 same thing or can I trust that yours is accurate? 11 I think you could trust my work. I'll stand 12 behind my work. I can't imagine anybody going out there 13 and producing better work. 14 0. If I hired an appraiser and gave him that 15 document, do you think he could answer the questions that he needs --16 17 He could do it. Α. 18 -- answered? Q. 19 He could do a better appraisal than I could, Α. 20 but using the same material. 21 But would he need to duplicate your work --Q. 22 Α. No, he wouldn't. 23 -- in order -- like if he took his camera out 24 and pointed it at the wall, would his camera show 25 something that yours did not?

1 A. No, sir.

5

6

7

8

9

12

20

21

22

23

24

- Q. If he measured the wall with a tape measure or with a laser device, would his measurement be better than yours?
 - A. No, sir.
 - Q. If he asked questions about utilities and mechanicals and so on, would his results be different than yours?
 - A. No, sir.
- Q. Okay. Another question, it was pointed out that you and I are friends. This is true, is it not?
 - A. Correct.
- Q. Would you jeopardize your architectural
 credentials, your seal, for me as a friend? Would you
 lie for me?
- 16 A. I would not.
- Q. The architectural seal that you have, not everybody has one of those, do they?
- 19 A. No, sir.
 - Q. What's the importance of that seal? If you look at, say, a set of blueprints or analysis and that seal is there, what does that tell the world?
 - A. That tells them that I stand behind the work as a professional architect, that that's an accurate record of what's on the ground there.

1 0. How did you get that seal? 2 Well, I told you the background, my work. had to study for five years, work in the offices for 3 4 three years. That's when you get your -- you take exams, of course. They're quite extensive, nothing but 5 6 two days of exams. 7 You've worked for David Weekley Homes? 0. 8 Α. Yes. How many homes do you think you've sealed for 9 Q. 10 them in the past three years? 11 Α. I've sealed over a hundred homes. MR. KIRK: Pass the witness. 12 THE COURT: Anything further? 13 14 MR. JAMES: No other questions. 15 THE COURT: Thank you. You can step down. 16 Any additional witnesses? 17 MR. KIRK: No, sir. 18 THE COURT: Okay. I think it would 19 just -- I mean, it's not about lying or anything else. 20 It's -- it's the matter -- it's a judgment call. It's a 21 judgment call necessary by an appraiser versus an 22 architect. And even the architect couldn't have done 23 his work without going to the site. 24 And so the same, I think, would very much 25 be true for an appraiser. And a judgment call is --

because a judgment call -- it's a personal evaluation.
I mean with that, I appreciate the 192.4 rule, but I
still think we -- we need to probably allow for the
appropriate appraisal.

MR. KIRK: Your Honor, can I bring up a bit of law?

THE COURT: You may.

MR. KIRK: This is the Texas Tax Code,
Chapter 25, Section 25.18. It's talking about periodic
reappraisals. It says under Section 25.181, Identifying
property to be appraised through physical inspection or
by other reliable means of identification, including
deeds or other legal documentation, aerial photographs,
land-based photographs, surveys, maps and property
sketches.

So the Texas Tax Code is telling us, you can do an appraisal in Texas with an inspection or you can do it with all of these other things. It doesn't require you to do an inspection.

And I would argue as we started out earlier today, 192.4, limitations on the scope of discovery, we've already done the work. I don't see that it makes any sense to literally violate my rights to say no, you cannot come on the property so that they could do something that's already been done.

I feel like we ought to work something out as opposed to telling me that I have to give away all of my rights, my -- my Fourth Amendment right, my Section 9 right from the Texas Constitution, the -- the right of criminal -- or noncriminal trespass, Texas Penal Code Section 30.05.

I don't want anybody on my property. I've been burglarized at six -- at least six times. I have a tremendous amount of passive deterrent systems on that property. And to let somebody come on that property means I have to shut that all down. That's annoying. It's a burden. It's not necessary and it's going to cost -- frankly, it's goes to cost the appraisal district or the defendant in order for me to do all of that.

THE COURT: And does that passive deterrent system add value to the property?

MR. KIRK: Probably not, but it sure is annoying when you hit it. It's not something I want people walking around on the property.

THE COURT: I don't know what a passive deterrent system is or is not. But if it's a security system, is that reflected in this architectural report?

MR. KIRK: No, sir, it's not. It's things like trip wires. The cost of a trip wire is maybe a

```
buck --
1
                   THE COURT: It's not --
 2
                   MR. KIRK: -- but when you trip --
 3
                   THE COURT: It's not just the cost basis
 4
    that's important.
 5
 6
                   MR. KIRK:
                              When you trip on it, it sure
 7
    hurts.
            There are also systems where pepper spray is
8
    released when you trip it. That's all going to have to
 9
    be dismantled if -- somebody that I don't approve of
10
    being there, I have to protect their safety. I've got
11
    to go through and take all of that out.
                                              Otherwise,
12
    they're going to get hurt and then guess what, they're
13
    going to sue me.
14
                   Your Honor, another point, the appraisal
15
    district appraises thousands of pieces of property every
16
    year without a physical inspection and they stand by
17
    those appraisals. They publish them.
                                            They send them to
18
    the taxpayer. The taxpayer pays based upon those
19
    appraisals. They're not physically done. Why is this
    so different? We've offered them a whole lot more
20
21
    information than they've ever seen before. Why can't
22
    they take that and make their judgment?
23
                   THE COURT: I think they probably could if
24
    they wanted to, but they're not limited to that. That's
25
    the problem. There's alternate ways to do it, but
```

there's not a limitation on that.

MR. JAMES: Your Honor, I just -- I want to add -- I don't know what I need to respond to specifically there, but this is a de novo review. Mass appraisal standards are used on the administrative level. But once it gets to district court, the Texas Tax Code specifically states that this is a de novo review of the appraisal review board order.

This case is governed by the same rules that apply to civil cases generally. We aren't confined to how it is done at the administrative level. This is a -- this is a legal proceeding. The rules of civil procedure that normally apply in this case.

THE COURT: Yeah. I mean, just typically when you go from the administrative to the legal, we're ramping up, so to speak, the standards regarding authenticity, credibility, the weight to be given to all of the different types of evidence in a hypothetical situation, ergo the reason to up the quality from different methods that you have suggested, including what you have provided.

I mean, I think there can be some reasonable conditions established that -- you know, that will allow for an appropriate inspection. I -- I just don't think that any taxpayer can produce their own

```
work, you know, and then expect the other side of
1
 2
    litigation to accept it.
                   I mean, this -- this will be used for your
 3
 4
    side of the equation and they're entitled to use what
    they want for their side and then the two can compete.
 5
    That's what the purpose of litigation is. Then we'll
 6
 7
    let the fact finder decide ultimately which one they
    place most or more credibility in. It might be a
8
 9
    combination of the two somewhat.
10
                   And with that, I mean, I'm going to order
    that the inspection be allowed, Doug -- Mr. Kirk.
11
12
                   MR. KIRK: And, Your Honor, what
13
    conditions are we going to follow?
14
                   THE COURT:
                               Three people. I mean --
15
                   MR. JAMES: Can we -- can we add a
16
    potential peace officer to come with us? I'm a little
17
    bit nervous about all of the passive -- it will be the
18
    three people that we mentioned and then possibly a peace
19
    officer.
                   THE COURT:
20
                               I don't know what -- what do
21
    you mean by that? I mean, somebody on duty or
22
    something?
23
                               Somebody from the sheriff's
                   MR. JAMES:
24
             We'll hire an off-duty cop to come with us just
25
    to supervise so that -- so that it's a -- it's a
```

```
protected inspection and everything is clear.
1
                              That's pretty offensive.
 2
                   MR. KIRK:
                   THE COURT: Yeah.
                                      I'm not sure that's --
 3
 4
    when do you need to accomplish this by?
                   MR. JAMES: We would like to do it in the
 5
    next 30 days, if that's practical.
 6
 7
                   THE COURT:
                               Gotcha. Today is the 18th.
                                                             Ι
    don't know what day of the week --
8
 9
                              Look for a Sunday, please.
                   MR. KIRK:
10
                   THE COURT: A Sunday?
11
                   MR. KIRK: A Sunday, yes, sir.
                   THE COURT: I'm not going to force them to
12
13
    do it on a Sunday, on a weekend.
14
                              But you're going to force me to
                   MR. KIRK:
    do it on a nonweekend. Why do they get to pick the date
15
    and I don't?
16
17
                   And I would argue, too, they only need one
18
             This appraiser right here -- we'll go with this
    person.
19
    guy right here. Why do they need three people? What
20
    are they going to do, hold his camera?
21
                   THE COURT: That's just as offensive.
22
                   MR. KIRK:
                              I'm sorry?
23
                   THE COURT: That's just as offensive,
    Mr. Kirk.
24
25
                   MR. KIRK:
                              Sir, I think it's very
```

```
offensive to order me --
1
 2
                   THE COURT: All right. Very good.
                   THE BAILIFF:
                                 Quiet, sir. Watch your tone
 3
 4
    with the Court, please. Thank you.
                   THE COURT: Very good. I'm not -- I'm not
 5
 6
    going to send a peace officer out there. But at the
 7
    same time, if somebody needs to -- assistance, they can
    have some assistance. And if they want to do it on the
8
    19th of May, which is a Sunday, they can do it.
 9
10
    point is, they can do it that week of the 19th through
11
    the 25th with, you know, basically ten days' notice or
    something. Is that sufficient, with the precise day
12
    within that week, I mean, that they choose?
13
                                                  I don't
    know what their schedule is. I'm not going to dictate
14
15
    that somebody go do it on a weekend because normally
16
    people are going to church.
17
                   MR. KIRK: What length of time, sir?
18
                   MR. JAMES: We can limit it to two hours.
19
                   THE COURT: Two hours.
20
                   MR. KIRK:
                              And can we have the names of
21
    the people in advance so we can do a background check?
22
                   THE COURT:
                               I mean, if you must, but --
23
    yeah, we'll get you the names, just ten days in advance.
24
                   MR. JAMES:
                               We can do that.
25
                               Just pick the date, give them
                   THE COURT:
```

```
1
    the names.
 2
                   MR. JAMES: Okay. What time of the day
    works best for you?
 3
 4
                   MR. KIRK:
                              1:00.
 5
                   THE COURT: Okay. At one p.m. on whatever
 6
    date they give you notice of, the names of the people,
 7
    ten days in advance of some date, the 19th through the
    25th.
8
 9
                   Anything else?
                               No, Your Honor.
10
                   MR. JAMES:
11
                   THE COURT: I mean, as far as you -- just
12
    conditions, so to speak?
13
                   MR. KIRK:
                              Well, I -- I would have a lot
14
    of conditions. I would want them to sign a liability
15
    release so if anybody gets hurt, I'm not blamed. This
16
    property has creeks that are 16 feet deep.
                                                 And if
17
    somebody falls in a creek and breaks a leg, I don't want
18
    to be responsible.
19
                   THE COURT: I'm ordering it, the
20
    inspection. I mean, if there's -- there's a bit of a --
21
    you know, as an order of the Court, I think that pretty
22
    much sufficiently covers you in that regard.
23
                   Anything else?
24
                   MR. KIRK: I guess not. Thank you.
25
                   THE COURT:
                               Okay.
```

1	MR. JAMES: Thank you, Your Honor.
2	MR. KIRK: Do you need that document?
3	THE COURT: No. You may have it. You can
4	withdraw the exhibits.
5	MR. KIRK: Thank you. We'll withdraw them
6	and bring them back at trial. Thank you very much.
7	MR. JAMES: May we be excused?
8	THE COURT: Yes.
9	MR. JAMES: Thank you, Your Honor.
10	(Proceedings adjourned)
11	
12	
13	
14	
15	
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	

STATE OF TEXAS 1 COUNTY OF COMAL 2 3 4 I, Cindy Cummings, Official Court Reporter in and for the 433rd District Court of Comal, State of Texas, 5 6 do hereby certify that the above and foregoing contains 7 a true and correct transcription of all portions of evidence and other proceedings requested in writing by 8 9 counsel for the parties to be included in this volume of 10 the Reporter's Record in the above-styled and numbered 11 cause, all of which occurred in open court or in 12 chambers and were reported by me. 13 GIVEN UNDER MY HAND, on this the 28th day of April, 14 2019. 15 /s/ Cindy Cummings 16 Cindy Cummings, Texas CSR 3210 Official Court Reporter 17 433 Judicial District Court 150 N. Seguin Street 18 Suite 317 New Braunfels, Texas 78130 19 Tel 830-221-1279 Fax 830-608-2030 20 Expiration: 12/31/19 21 22 23 24 25